

# Hebrews Study Questions

## 2010 Bible Bowl

### Chapter 1

1. According to Hebrews 1:1, who, at various times and in various ways, spoke in time past to the fathers by the prophets?
  - A. Moses
  - B. David
  - C. Paul
  - D. God
2. According to Hebrews 1:1, by whom did God speak to the fathers in time past?
  - A. The patriarchs
  - B. The prophets
  - C. The priests
  - D. Angels
3. According to Hebrews 1:2, whom has God appointed heir of all things?
  - A. His followers
  - B. The apostles
  - C. His Son
  - D. The children of God
4. According to Hebrews 1:2, what did God make through His Son?
  - A. A promise to Abraham
  - B. The worlds
  - C. The heavens
  - D. A covenant with Moses
5. According to Hebrews 1:3, God's Son is the brightness of God's what?
  - A. Image
  - B. Power
  - C. Mercy
  - D. Glory
6. According to Hebrews 1:3, God's Son is the express image of God's what?
  - A. Person
  - B. Face
  - C. Spirit

D. Love

7. According to Hebrews 1:3, what had God's Son by Himself purged?

- A. Man's wickedness
- B. Death
- C. Our sins
- D. The old covenant

8. According to Hebrews 1:3, where did the Son sit down with the Majesty on high?

- A. At His right hand
- B. At His left hand
- C. In front of Him
- D. Behind Him

9. According to Hebrews 1:4, how did the Son obtain a more excellent name than the angels?

- A. By inheritance
- B. By earning it
- C. By God's will
- D. By asking for it

10. According to Hebrews 1:4, having become so much better than the angels, what had the Son by inheritance obtained?

- A. The heavens
- B. The earth
- C. A more excellent name
- D. God's blessing

11. According to Hebrews 1:4, what/who has the Son become so much better than?

- A. The prophets
- B. The angels
- C. The kings of the earth
- D. Creation

12. According to Hebrews 1:5, what has God never said to any of the angels?

- A. Worship the Son
- B. Minister to those who will inherit salvation
- C. Be filled with the Spirit

D. You are My Son

13. According to Hebrews 1:6, what are the angels to do when He again brings the firstborn into the world?

- A. Worship Him
- B. Follow Him
- C. Obey Him
- D. Minister to Him

14. According to Hebrews 1:6, when were the angels of God to worship the Son?

- A. At His command
- B. When He again brings the firstborn into the world
- C. At the sounding of the trumpet
- D. In the last days

15. According to Hebrews 1:7, what does God make His angels?

- A. Clothed in white
- B. Spirits
- C. Scepters of righteousness
- D. Invisible

16. According to Hebrews 1:7, what does God make His ministers?

- A. A mighty wind
- B. A roaring flood
- C. A sword of bronze
- D. A flame of fire

17. According to Hebrews 1:8, speaking to the Son, what does God say is forever and ever?

- A. The heavens
- B. The world
- C. His throne
- D. His patience

18. According to Hebrews 1:8, how long is God's throne to last?

- A. Forever and ever
- B. Until the second coming
- C. For one thousand years
- D. Until the end of the earth

19. According to Hebrews 1:8, a scepter of righteousness is the scepter of what?

- A. His love
- B. His might

- C. His kingdom
- D. His power

20. According to Hebrews 1:9, God told the Son that He has hated lawlessness and loved what?

- A. His disciples
- B. Righteousness
- C. All men
- D. The church

21. According to Hebrews 1:9, what did God use to anoint the Son?

- A. Oil of righteousness
- B. Oil of faithfulness
- C. Oil of hope
- D. Oil of gladness

22. According to Hebrews 1:9, who has anointed the Son?

- A. God
- B. The prophets
- C. The disciples
- D. The priests

23. According to Hebrews 1:10, in the beginning the Lord laid the foundation of what?

- A. The church
- B. The earth
- C. The tabernacle
- D. Salvation

24. According to Hebrews 1:10-11, the Lord will remain. What will happen to the heavens and the earth?

- A. They will remain
- B. They will perish
- C. They will be made new
- D. They will be eternal

25. According to Hebrews 1:11, the Lord will remain, and the heavens and the earth will all grow old like what?

- A. Wine
- B. A man
- C. A garment
- D. A tree

26. According to Hebrews 1:12, the Lord will fold up the heavens and the earth like a what?

- A. A scroll
- B. A tent
- C. A mat
- D. A cloak

27. According to Hebrews 1:12, what did God say regarding the Lord's years?

- A. They will be short
- B. They will be eternal
- C. They will not fail
- D. They will never change

28. According to Hebrews 1:13, the author implies that God never told any of his angels to sit where?

- A. At His right hand
- B. At His feet
- C. Behind Him
- D. On their own throne

29. According to Hebrews 1:13, God will make the Lord's enemies what?

- A. Repent
- B. His slaves
- C. His footstool
- D. Suffer

30. According to Hebrews 1:14, what does the author of Hebrews say that the angels are?

- A. Fellow servants
- B. Ministering spirits
- C. Prophets
- D. Diligent workers

31. According to Hebrews 1:14, angels are sent forth to minister to those who will do what?

- A. Good works
- B. Repent
- C. Follow Jesus
- D. Inherit salvation

## **Chapter 2**

1. According to Hebrews 2:1, what did the author of Hebrews say that they must give to the things they had heard?

- A. Full devotion
- B. More earnest heed
- C. Proper respect
- D. Their very being

2. According to Hebrews 2:1, why did the author of Hebrews say that they must give the more earnest heed to the things they had heard?

- A. Lest they perish
- B. Lest they stumble
- C. Lest they drift away
- D. Lest they lose hope

3. According to Hebrews 2:2, the word spoken through angels proved what?

- A. Steadfast
- B. Truthful
- C. Powerful
- D. Helpful

4. According to Hebrews 2:3, the author implies that the Hebrew brethren would not do what if they neglected so great a salvation, which at the first began to be spoken by the Lord?

- A. Live
- B. Escape
- C. Have peace
- D. Prosper

5. According to Hebrews 2:4, God bore witness with which of the following?

- A. Signs and wonders
- B. Various miracles
- C. Gifts of the Holy Spirit
- D. All of the above

6. According to Hebrews 2:5, what has God not put in subjection to angels?

- A. The world gone by
- B. The kings of old

- C. The Levitical priesthood
- D. The world to come

7. According to Hebrews 2:6-7, who was made a little lower than the angels?

- A. The son of man
- B. The apostle Paul
- C. The apostle Peter
- D. The prophets

8. According to Hebrews 2:6-7, with what has God crowned the son of man?

- A. A perishable crown
- B. Glory and honor
- C. A crown of righteousness
- D. Truth and honor

9. According to Hebrews 2:8, what has God put in subjection under the son of man's feet?

- A. Birds of the air
- B. Beasts of the field
- C. Man
- D. All things

10. According to Hebrews 2:9, why was Jesus made a little lower than the angels?

- A. For the suffering of death
- B. For the suffering of humility
- C. For the suffering of persecution
- D. For the suffering of mankind

11. According to Hebrews 2:9, for whom did Jesus taste death?

- A. His chosen people
- B. Those who believed in Him
- C. Everyone
- D. The Gentiles

12. According to Hebrews 2:10, speaking of the many sons brought to glory, through what was the captain of their salvation to be made perfect?

- A. Birth
- B. Sufferings
- C. Faithfulness

D. Election

13. According to Hebrews 2:11, since He who sanctifies and those who are being sanctified are all of one, what is He not ashamed to call them?

- A. His sons
- B. His people
- C. Brethren
- D. Christians

14. According to Hebrews 2:12, where does the quotation from Psalms indicate that the Lord will sing praise to God?

- A. In the courtyard of the temple
- B. In the midst of the assembly
- C. At the gates of heaven
- D. On the mountaintop

15. According to Hebrews 2:12, what does the quotation from Psalms indicate that the Lord will declare to His brethren?

- A. The word of truth
- B. God's name
- C. God's faith
- D. God's love

16. According to Hebrews 2:13, the quotation from 2 Samuel and Isaiah indicates that the Lord will put His trust in what?

- A. Righteousness
- B. The Spirit
- C. The heavenly realms
- D. God

17. According to Hebrews 2:14, how might He (Christ) destroy him who had the power of death?

- A. Through perseverance
- B. Through death
- C. Through holiness
- D. Through virtue

18. According to Hebrews 2:14, who had the power of death?

- A. Deceitful men
- B. Wicked men
- C. The devil
- D. The kings of the earth

19. According to Hebrews 2:15, to what were those who through fear

of death all their lifetime subject?

- A. Sufferings
- B. Bondage
- C. Governing authorities
- D. Wickedness

20. According to Hebrews 2:16, to whom does the Lord not give aid?

- A. Angels
- B. Unbelievers
- C. Demons
- D. Adversaries

21. According to Hebrews 2:16, to whom does the Lord give aid?

- A. Prophets
- B. Believers
- C. Children
- D. The seed of Abraham

22. According to Hebrews 2:17, in all things the Lord had to be made like what?

- A. His brethren
- B. Melchizedek
- C. The high priest
- D. The poor in spirit

23. According to Hebrews 2:17, He had to be made like His brethren that He might be what kind of High Priest?

- A. Loving and kind
- B. Merciful and faithful
- C. Righteous and just
- D. Strong and mighty

24. According to Hebrews 2:17, as a High Priest, Christ was to make propitiation for what?

- A. The Gentiles
- B. The Church
- C. The Pharisees
- D. The sins of the people

25. According to Hebrews 2:18, because He Himself has suffered, being tempted, what is He able to do for those who are tempted?

- A. Forgive them
- B. Bless them
- C. Aid them

D. Pray for them

### Chapter 3

1. According to Hebrews 3:1, whom does the author refer to as "partakers of the heavenly calling?"
  - A. Holy brethren
  - B. The Israelites
  - C. Angels
  - D. Gentiles
  
2. According to Hebrews 3:1 who was referred to as the Apostle and High Priest of the holy brethren's confession?
  - A. Paul
  - B. Aaron
  - C. Christ Jesus
  - D. Eleazar
  
3. According to Hebrews 3:2, in what was Moses also faithful?
  - A. His leadership of the Israelites
  - B. All His house
  - C. Following God
  - D. All things
  
4. According to Hebrews 3:3 this One (Christ Jesus) has been counted worthy of more glory than whom?
  - A. Moses
  - B. Melchizedek
  - C. Joshua
  - D. The high priest
  
  
  
  
  
  
  
  
  
  
5. According to Hebrews 3:4, what did God build?
  - A. The temple
  - B. Every house
  - C. All nations
  - D. All things
  
  
  
  
  
  
  
  
  
  
6. According to Hebrews 3:5, Moses indeed was faithful in all God's house as what?
  - A. A servant
  - B. The head of the household

- C. High priest
- D. Leader of the Israelites

7. According to Hebrews 3:6, what is Christ a Son over?

- A. All the earth
- B. His own house
- C. His kingdom
- D. His inheritance

8. According to Hebrews 3:7-8, the quotation from Psalms warns them not to do what as in the rebellion?

- A. Turn to idols
- B. Stray from God
- C. Harden their hearts
- D. Follow other kings

9. According to Hebrews 3:8, where was the rebellion in the day of trial?

- A. The wilderness
- B. The mountains
- C. Death of Jesus
- D. The Promised Land

10. According to Hebrews 3:9, who tested God and tried God in the wilderness?

- A. The prophets
- B. The Hebrew fathers
- C. Moses and Aaron
- D. Pharaoh

11. According to Hebrews 3:9, how long did the Hebrew's fathers see God's works?

- A. 40 years
- B. 40 days
- C. 7 years
- D. All their lives

12. According to Hebrews 3:8-10, what had that generation in the rebellion not known?

- A. Freedom
- B. Righteousness
- C. God's ways
- D. Idol worship

13. According to Hebrews 3:8-11, what had God sworn that generation in the rebellion would not enter?
- A. His rest
  - B. The Promised Land
  - C. Jerusalem
  - D. Heaven
14. According to Hebrews 3:12, what were the brethren warned against?
- A. Rebelling against God
  - B. Having an evil heart of unbelief
  - C. Having hard hearts
  - D. Going astray in their heart
15. According to Hebrews 3:12, the brethren were warned against departing from what?
- A. The law of Moses
  - B. The land of Egypt
  - C. The living God
  - D. His rest
16. According to Hebrews 3:13, how often were brethren to exhort one another?
- A. Daily
  - B. As they saw the day approaching
  - C. When they entered God's rest
  - D. When they entered the house of worship
17. According to Hebrews 3:13, the brethren were to exhort one another lest any of them be hardened through what?
- A. Unbelief
  - B. The deceitfulness of sin
  - C. Rejecting the gospel
  - D. Testing God
18. According to Hebrews 3:14, what had the brethren become if they held the beginning of their confidence steadfast to the end?
- A. Believers
  - B. The people of God
  - C. Those who entered God's rest
  - D. Partakers of Christ
19. According to Hebrews 3:14, the brethren had become partakers of Christ if they held the beginning of their confidence steadfast how long?

- A. To the end
- B. Until they entered God's rest
- C. Today
- D. Forever

20. According to Hebrews 3:15, the brethren were not to harden their hearts if they would hear what?

- A. The voice of Moses
- B. The call of Joshua
- C. The word of God
- D. His voice

21. According to Hebrews 3:15, the quotation from Psalms indicates that the brethren were not to harden their hearts as what?

- A. In the wilderness
- B. When they could not enter His rest
- C. In the rebellion
- D. God swore out His wrath on them

22. According to Hebrews 3:16, who, having heard, rebelled?

- A. All who came out of Egypt
- B. All who sinned
- C. All mankind
- D. Those who sinned

23. According to Hebrews 3:17, how long was God angry with those who sinned?

- A. Until Moses led them into the land
- B. Until the gospel was preached to them
- C. Forty years
- D. Until the generation passed

24. According to Hebrews 3:17, whose corpses fell in the wilderness?

- A. Those who went astray in their hearts
- B. Those who sinned
- C. Those who did not believe
- D. Those who lost hope

25. According to Hebrews 3:18, what did God swear to those who did not obey?

- A. That they would not enter His rest
- B. That they would be destroyed
- C. That He would reject them forever
- D. That they would be cursed

26. According to Hebrews 3:18, to whom did God swear that they would not enter His rest?
- A. Those whose hearts were hard
  - B. Those filled with wickedness
  - C. That whole generation
  - D. Those who did not obey
27. According to Hebrews 3:19, why could those who did not obey not enter God's rest?
- A. Because their hearts were hard
  - B. Because of sin
  - C. Because they feared
  - D. Because of unbelief

#### **Chapter 4**

1. According to Hebrews 4:1, what does the author say remains with regard to God's rest?
- A. A hope of entering
  - B. A possibility of entering
  - C. A promise of entering
  - D. An expectation of entering
2. According to Hebrews 4:1, the author says that they were to fear lest what?
- A. They come short of entering His rest
  - B. Fall into temptation
  - C. Become hard hearted
  - D. They go astray
3. According to Hebrews 4:2, the word, which those who fell in the wilderness heard, did not do what?
- A. Comfort them
  - B. Profit them
  - C. Give them confidence
  - D. Convince them
4. According to Hebrews 4:2, what did those who heard the word lack?
- A. Faith
  - B. Joy
  - C. Hope
  - D. Love

5. According to Hebrews 4:3, who does enter God's rest?
  - A. Those who are obedient
  - B. Those who are steadfast to the end
  - C. Partakers in Christ
  - D. Those who have believed
  
6. According to Hebrews 4:3, when were the works finished?
  - A. When the children of Israel entered His rest
  - B. From the foundation of the world
  - C. When the generation passed
  - D. When Jesus entered the Most Holy Place
  
7. According to Hebrews 4:4, what did God rest from on the seventh day?
  - A. Creating the Earth
  - B. His anger
  - C. All His works
  - D. Speaking His word
  
8. According to Hebrews 4:3 & 5, what did God swear in His wrath?
  - A. They shall not enter My rest
  - B. You are a priest forever after the order of Melchizedek
  - C. They shall enter My rest
  - D. I will make a new covenant with the house of Israel
  
9. According to Hebrews 4:6, why didn't those to whom it was first preached enter His rest?
  - A. Because of a lack of faith
  - B. Because of hard hearts
  - C. Because of disobedience
  - D. Because of rebellion
  
10. According to Hebrews 4:7, what does the quotation from Psalm 95 suggest that the brethren should do today, if they would hear His voice?
  - A. Become a partaker of Christ
  - B. Do not harden their hearts
  - C. Test God and prove that He is good
  - D. Put their trust in Him

11. According to Hebrews 4:7, in whom did God designate a certain day?

- A. David
- B. Moses
- C. The Son
- D. The Holy Spirit

12. According to Hebrews 4:8, God would not afterward have spoken of another day if who had given them rest?

- A. God
- B. David
- C. Moses
- D. Joshua

13. According to Hebrews 4:8, if Joshua had given them rest, then God would not afterward have spoken of what?

- A. Another day of rest
- B. Ceasing from His works
- C. Being angry with that generation
- D. Sympathizing with our weaknesses

14. According to Hebrews 4:9, there remains a rest for whom?

- A. No one
- B. The children of Israel
- C. The people of God
- D. Those who came out of Egypt

15. According to Hebrews 4:10, he who has entered God's rest has himself what?

- A. Became partakers of Christ
- B. Ceased from his works
- C. Received His word
- D. Heard His voice

16. According to Hebrews 4:11, the author says that they should be what to enter that rest?

- A. Faithful
- B. Hopeful
- C. Filled with love
- D. Diligent

17. According to Hebrews 4:11, the author says that they should be

diligent to enter that rest, lest anyone fall according to the same example of what?

- A. Hard heartedness
- B. Disobedience
- C. Going astray
- D. Weakness

18. In Hebrews 4:12, how is the word of God described?

- A. Living and powerful
- B. Compassionate and bold
- C. Gracious and merciful
- D. Perfect and eternal

19. According to Hebrews 4:12, the word of God is capable of dividing what?

- A. All things
- B. Those who enter His rest from those who do not
- C. Temptation and weakness
- D. Soul and spirit

20. According to Hebrews 4:12, what is the word of God a discerner of?

- A. Those who will enter His rest
- B. The partakers of Christ
- C. The thoughts and intents of the heart
- D. Our confession

21. According to Hebrews 4:13, from what is no creature hidden?

- A. Eternal destiny
- B. The wrath of God
- C. The love of God
- D. God's sight

22. According to Hebrews 4:13, what does the author say that they must give to Him to whom all things are naked and open to His eyes?

- A. Account
- B. Devotion
- C. Obedience
- D. Praise

23. According to Hebrews 4:14, whom does the author say that the brethren had who has passed through the heavens?

- A. A great Leader
- B. A great High Priest

- C. A great Prophet
- D. A Brother

24. According to Hebrews 4:14, since the brethren had a great High Priest who has passed through the heavens, what were they to do?

- A. Resist temptation
- B. Not to fall into disobedience
- C. Hold fast their confession
- D. Come boldly to the throne of grace

25. According to Hebrews 4:15, with what can their High Priest sympathize?

- A. Our sin
- B. Our ignorance
- C. Our need
- D. Our weaknesses

26. According to Hebrews 4:15, how was their High Priest tempted?

- A. In all points as we are
- B. By Satan in the wilderness
- C. To the point of death
- D. On our behalf

27. According to Hebrews 4:16, where were they to come boldly?

- A. Into His rest
- B. To the throne of grace
- C. To our great High Priest
- D. To a place of honor

28. According to Hebrews 4:16, the author says that they may obtain mercy and find grace to help when?

- A. When we hold fast our confession
- B. When we offer up prayers
- C. In time of need
- D. In time of trouble

## **Chapter 5**

1. According to Hebrews 5:1, who, taken from among men, is appointed for men in things pertaining to God?

- A. Jesus the Son of God
- B. The apostles
- C. Men of great faith

D. Every high priest

2. According to Hebrews 5:1, what does every high priest appointed for men in things pertaining to God offer?

- A. Gifts and sacrifices for sins
- B. A life of righteousness
- C. Honor and prayers
- D. Cries and tears

3. According to Hebrews 5:2, who can a high priest have compassion on?

- A. Those who are faithful and obedient
- B. Those who have weaknesses and temptations
- C. Those who are ignorant and going astray
- D. Those who are diligent and bold

4. According to Hebrews 5:2, why can a high priest have compassion on those who are ignorant and going astray?

- A. Because he is also subject to sin
- B. Because he is also subject to temptation
- C. Because he is also subject to weakness
- D. Because he is also subject to suffering

5. According to Hebrews 5:3, a high priest is required to offer sacrifices for whom?

- A. Himself only
- B. Himself and the people
- C. Partakers in Christ
- D. The weak

6. According to Hebrews 5:3, for what does a high priest offer sacrifices?

- A. For weaknesses
- B. For rebellion
- C. For hard hearts
- D. For sins

7. According to Hebrews 5:4, being high priest is considered what?

- A. An honor
- B. A blessing

- C. A duty
- D. A service

8. According to Hebrews 5:4, who was called by God to be high priest?

- A. Moses
- B. David
- C. Aaron
- D. Joshua

9. According to Hebrews 5:5, just like Aaron, Christ did not do what to become High Priest?

- A. Have compassion on the weak
- B. Glorify Himself
- C. Offer sacrifices
- D. Give praise to God

10. According to Hebrews 5:6, how long is Christ said to be priest?

- A. Today
- B. Until we obtain mercy and find grace
- C. Until He offered Himself for our sins
- D. Forever

11. According to Hebrews 5:6, Christ's priesthood is according to whose order?

- A. Melchizedek
- B. Judah
- C. Levi
- D. Aaron

12. According to Hebrews 5:7, Christ offered up prayers and supplications to God in the days of His what?

- A. Heart
- B. Hands
- C. Flesh
- D. Blood

13. According to Hebrews 5:7, Christ offered up prayers and supplications with vehement cries and tears to Him who was able to do what?

- A. Keep Him from suffering
- B. Save Him from death
- C. Glorify Him

D. Make Him a High Priest

14. According to Hebrews 5:7, why was the prayer of Christ heard by God?

- A. Because He was obedient
- B. Because of His faith
- C. Because He ministered to the saints
- D. Because of His godly fear

15. According to Hebrews 5:8, what did Christ learn by the things which He suffered?

- A. Diligence
- B. Compassion
- C. Patience
- D. Obedience

16. According to Hebrews 5:8, how did Christ learn obedience?

- A. Through prayer
- B. By the things which He suffered
- C. Through His work and labor
- D. By His diligence

17. According to Hebrews 5:9, Christ became the author of eternal salvation after what?

- A. Having been perfected
- B. The fullness of time
- C. Having been tested
- D. Having been blessed

18. According to Hebrews 5:9, of what is Christ the author?

- A. The good word of God
- B. A ministry of the saints
- C. Eternal salvation
- D. The foundation of repentance

19. According to Hebrews 5:10, who called Christ as High Priest?

- A. Melchizedek
- B. The Holy Spirit
- C. Abraham
- D. God

20. According to Hebrews 5:11, why was teaching about Christ described as "hard to explain"?

- A. They had become dull of hearing

- B. Their hearts had gone astray
- C. Their faith had become weak
- D. They had become unskilled

21. According to Hebrews 5:12, what had the author expected of the brethren by the time of the writing of this letter?

- A. They ought to repent
- B. They ought to be teachers
- C. They ought to be confident
- D. They ought to have hope

22. According to Hebrews 5:12, although the brethren ought to have been teachers, what did they need to be taught again?

- A. The foundation of repentance from dead works
- B. The doctrine of baptism
- C. That God is just
- D. The first principles of the oracles of God

23. According to Hebrews 5:12, what did the brethren need instead of solid food?

- A. Perfection
- B. Milk
- C. Faith
- D. Diligence

24. According to Hebrews 5:13, how is one described who partakes only of milk?

- A. Unskilled in the word of righteousness
- B. A teacher only in first principles
- C. Dull of hearing
- D. Unable to discern good from evil

25. According to Hebrews 5:13, what does the author call one who partakes only of milk?

- A. Weak in faith
- B. Fallen away
- C. A babe
- D. In need of mercy

26. According to Hebrews 5:14, solid food belongs to whom?

- A. Those who are perfect
- B. Those who are of full age
- C. Those who are skilled
- D. Those who are ready to go on to perfection

27. According to Hebrews 5:14, how were they to discern good and evil?

- A. By building up their faith
- B. By enlightening through the Holy Spirit
- C. By faith and patience
- D. By exercising their senses

## **Chapter 6**

1. According to Hebrews 6:1, the writer wanted to leave the discussion of the elementary principles of Christ to go on to what?

- A. Righteousness
- B. Perfection
- C. Enlightenment
- D. Peace

2. According to Hebrews 6:1, which of the following are listed as foundation principles?

- A. Repentance and faith
- B. Obedience and faith
- C. Faith and patience
- D. Promises and blessings

3. According to Hebrews 6:2, which of the following is not listed as a foundation principle?

- A. The doctrine of baptisms
- B. The resurrection of the dead
- C. The laying on of hands
- D. The priesthood of Melchizedek

4. According to Hebrews 6:2, what foundation principle is described as "eternal"?

- A. Salvation
- B. Judgment
- C. Promise
- D. Righteousness

5. According to Hebrews 6:3, under what condition would the brethren leave the elementary principles of Christ and go on to

perfection?

- A. If we repent
- B. If we imitate those who inherit the promises
- C. If we obey Him
- D. If God permits

6. According to Hebrews 6:4-6, it is impossible for those who have done what to be renewed again to repentance if they fall away?

- A. Tasted the heavenly gift
- B. Learned to discern good and evil
- C. Shown diligence
- D. Obtained the promise

7. According to Hebrews 6:4, the enlightened are also said to be partakers of whom?

- A. Christ
- B. The Holy Spirit
- C. Abraham
- D. Themselves

8. According to Hebrews 6:5, the enlightened are also said to have tasted what?

- A. The promises of God
- B. The confirmation of God
- C. The good word of God
- D. The salvation of God

9. According to Hebrews 6:5, what powers are the enlightened said to have tasted?

- A. The powers of the age to come
- B. The powers of the Earth
- C. The powers of salvation
- D. The powers of faith toward God

10. According to Hebrews 6:6, what renewal is impossible for those who fall away?

- A. Of Enlightenment
- B. Of faith
- C. Of hope
- D. To repentance

11. According to Hebrews 6:6, what is said to happen again for those who fall away?

- A. They need to be taught the first principles
- B. They crucify the Son of God

- C. They have to learn obedience
- D. They are in danger of falling short

12. According to Hebrews 6:6, what do those who fall away do to Christ?

- A. Put Him to an open shame
- B. Cause Him to suffer
- C. Cause Him to grieve
- D. Test His patience

13. According to Hebrews 6:7, what kind of earth receives blessing from God?

- A. Earth which bears much fruit
- B. Earth that is dry and scorched
- C. Earth which provides a firm foundation
- D. Earth which bears useful herbs

14. According to Hebrews 6:8, what kind of earth is rejected?

- A. Earth that is unfruitful
- B. Earth which bears thorns and briers
- C. Earth that is infertile
- D. Earth that is sinking sand

15. According to Hebrews 6:8, earth that bears thorns and briers is near to being what?

- A. Cultivated
- B. Forsaken
- C. Cursed
- D. Ruined

16. According to Hebrews 6:8, what is the end of earth that is rejected and near to being cursed?

- A. To be burned
- B. To be abandoned
- C. To be transformed
- D. To endure the wrath of God

17. According to Hebrews 6:9, of what things is the author confident?

- A. Their obedience to the things they were taught
- B. Better things that accompany salvation
- C. The hope of Jesus' return
- D. Blessings received from God

18. According to Hebrews 6:10, what is God not unjust to forget?
- A. Your work and labor of love
  - B. Your penitent heart
  - C. Your mercy toward the poor
  - D. Your good deeds
19. According to Hebrews 6:10, to whom do the hearers minister?
- A. The poor
  - B. The sick
  - C. The saints
  - D. The lost
20. According to Hebrews 6:11, to what should the hearers show the same diligence?
- A. The full assurance of faith
  - B. The things that accompany salvation
  - C. The full assurance of hope
  - D. The things of the Father
21. According to Hebrews 6:11, how long should the hearers show the same diligence to the full assurance of hope?
- A. Until Jesus returns
  - B. Until they die
  - C. Until the end
  - D. Until they are rewarded
22. According to Hebrews 6:12, the writer warns the hearers not to become what?
- A. Sluggish
  - B. Haughty
  - C. Skeptical
  - D. Forgetful
23. According to Hebrews 6:12, what qualities do those who inherit the promise have?
- A. Honesty and friendliness
  - B. Peace and joy
  - C. Faith and patience
  - D. Joy and a meek spirit
24. According to Hebrews 6:13, God swore by whom or what when He made the promise to Abraham?
- A. Himself
  - B. His mighty angels

- C. The heavenly bodies
- D. Nothing

25. Hebrews 6:13-14 repeats the promise made by God to whom?

- A. Levi
- B. Abraham
- C. Melchizedek
- D. Moses

26. According to Hebrews 6:15, how did Abraham endure?

- A. Patiently
- B. Faithfully
- C. Righteously
- D. Joyfully

27. According to Hebrews 6:15, what did Abraham obtain after he endured?

- A. Eternal life
- B. Many descendants
- C. The promise
- D. The land

28. According to Hebrews 6:16, what for them is an oath for confirmation?

- A. A pledge
- B. A legal term
- C. An immutable agreement
- D. An end of all dispute

29. According to Hebrews 6:16, what do men swear by?

- A. The greater
- B. God's promises
- C. The Holy Scriptures
- D. Heaven and earth

30. What term is used to describe God's counsel in Hebrews 6:17?

- A. Immutability
- B. Dependability
- C. Powerful
- D. Wavering

31. According to Hebrews 6:17, to whom does God show the immutability of His counsel?

- A. The saints

- B. The heirs of promise
- C. The descendants of Esau
- D. The faithful disciples

32. According to Hebrews 6:18, what is it impossible for God to do?

- A. To sin
- B. To lie
- C. To change
- D. To fail

33. According to Hebrews 6:18, where is the hope that we lay hold of?

- A. Behind us
- B. Before us
- C. Above us
- D. Beside us

34. According to Hebrews 6:19, this hope that we have is described as what?

- A. An anchor of the soul
- B. A comfort to our soul
- C. A refuge for our soul
- D. A strength to our soul

35. According to Hebrews 6:19, this hope that we have is described as what?

- A. Peaceful and calming
- B. Great and wonderful
- C. Sure and steadfast
- D. Guaranteed and sufficient

36. According to Hebrews 6:20, who was a forerunner?

- A. Elijah
- B. Melchizedek
- C. Jesus
- D. John the Baptist

37. According to Hebrews 6:20, Jesus is the High Priest according to the order of whom?

- A. Levi
- B. Abraham
- C. Melchizedek

D. Aaron

## Chapter 7

1. According to Hebrews 7:1, who met Melchizedek after the slaughter of the kings?

- A. Moses
- B. Isaac
- C. Abraham
- D. Joshua

2. According to Hebrews 7:1, who was Melchizedek?

- A. High Priest of Israel
- B. Priest of the Most High God
- C. A Descendent of Aaron
- D. None of above

3. According to Hebrews 7:2, how much did Abraham give to Melchizedek?

- A. A tenth part of all
- B. Half of all
- C. A quarter of all
- D. All that he had

4. According to Hebrews 7:2, which of the following describes Melchizedek?

- A. King of righteousness
- B. King of Salem
- C. King of peace
- D. All of the above

5. According to Hebrews 7:3, Melchizedek was without what?

- A. Without father
- B. Without mother
- C. Without genealogy
- D. All of above

6. According to Hebrews 7:3, how long did Melchizedek remain a priest?

- A. For fifty years
- B. Continually
- C. Until his death
- D. Until his son was old enough to take over

7. According to Hebrews 7:3, who was Melchizedek compared to?
- A. Aaron
  - B. Abraham
  - C. King David
  - D. The Son of God
8. According to Hebrews 7:4, who gave Melchizedek a tenth of the spoils?
- A. Moses
  - B. Levi
  - C. Abraham
  - D. Judah
9. According to Hebrews 7:5, what is the commandment given to the sons of Levi?
- A. To receive tithes from the people
  - B. To make sacrifices for the sins of the people
  - C. To teach the Law to Israel
  - D. To serve as priests forever
10. According to Hebrews 7:5, from whose loins were these priests descended?
- A. Levi
  - B. Aaron
  - C. Abraham
  - D. Esau
11. Hebrews 7:5 states that the sons of Levi receive what?
- A. The blessings
  - B. The promises
  - C. The sacrifices
  - D. The priesthood
12. According to Hebrews 7:6, who received the tithes from Abraham?
- A. He whose genealogy is not derived from them
  - B. He who has no genealogy
  - C. He who made a promise to Abraham
  - D. He who was in the order of Aaron
13. According to Hebrews 7:7, which of the following is true?

- A. The lesser is blessed by the lesser
- B. The lesser is blessed by the better
- C. The better is blessed by the lesser
- D. The better is blessed by the better

14. According to Hebrews 7:8, what type of men receive tithes?

- A. Honorable
- B. Mortal
- C. Priestly
- D. Godly

15. According to Hebrews 7:9, who received tithes?

- A. Abraham
- B. Moses
- C. Aaron
- D. Levi

16. According to Hebrews 7:9, Levi paid tithes through whom?

- A. Jesus
- B. Abraham
- C. Aaron
- D. Melchizedek

17. According to Hebrews 7:10, where was Levi when Melchizedek met him?

- A. Traveling from Salem
- B. In the tent of Abraham
- C. Outside the gates of the city
- D. In the loins of his father

18. According to Hebrews 7:10, who did Levi meet while still in the loins of his father?

- A. Moses
- B. Aaron
- C. Melchizedek
- D. Judah

19. According to Hebrews 7:11, there would have been no need for another priest according to the order of Melchizedek if what were achieved through the Levitical priesthood?

- A. Perfection
- B. Forgiveness
- C. Holiness
- D. Godliness

20. According to Hebrews 7:11, what did the people receive under the Levitical priesthood?

- A. The land
- B. The promise
- C. The law
- D. The hope

21. According to Hebrew 7:12, when there is a change in the priesthood, what else must change?

- A. The law
- B. The sacrifices
- C. The worship
- D. The tabernacle

22. According to Hebrews 7:13, the one of whom these things are spoken belonged to what?

- A. The Lord
- B. The tribe of Levi
- C. Another tribe
- D. The priesthood

23. According to Hebrews 7:13, at what has no man from another tribe officiated?

- A. At the tabernacle
- B. At the sacrifices
- C. At the altar
- D. At the priestly ordination

24. According to Hebrews 7:14, our Lord arose from what tribe?

- A. Judah
- B. Levi
- C. Benjamin
- D. Joseph

25. According to Hebrews 7:14, Moses spoke nothing of the tribe of

Judah concerning what?

- A. The sacrifices
- B. The genealogy
- C. The priesthood
- D. The law

26. According to Hebrews 7:15, in whose likeness would it be far more evident for a priest to arise?

- A. Levi
- B. Aaron
- C. Judah
- D. Melchizedek

27. According to Hebrews 7:15-16, there arises another priest not according to what?

- A. The Levitical tribe
- B. The law of a fleshly commandment
- C. The order of Melchizedek
- D. The lineage of Aaron

28. According to Hebrews 7:15-16, there arises another priest according to what?

- A. The power of an endless life
- B. The law of a fleshly commandment
- C. The order of Judah
- D. The Levitical tribe

29. According to Hebrews 7:17, how long will He be a priest?

- A. Until He dies
- B. Until Jesus returns
- C. Until the priesthood changes
- D. Forever

30. According to Hebrews 7:17, He will be a priest according to the order of which of the following?

- A. Levi
- B. Abraham
- C. Aaron
- D. Melchizedek

31. According to Hebrews 7:18, what is annulled?

- A. The priesthood
- B. The former commandment
- C. The Levitical tribe

D. The sacrifices

32. According to Hebrews 7:18, why was the former commandment annulled?

- A. Weakness and imperfection
- B. Unprofitableness and unrighteousness
- C. Weakness and unprofitableness
- D. Imperfection and unrighteousness

33. According to Hebrews 7:19, what is true of the law?

- A. The law made nothing perfect
- B. The law could not make people holy
- C. The law was ineffective
- D. The law is still in effect

34. According to Hebrews 7:19, what is brought in through which we draw near to God?

- A. A better law
- B. A better priesthood
- C. A better hope
- D. A better sacrifice

35. According to Hebrews 7:20, He was not made priest without what?

- A. The shedding of blood
- B. God's approval
- C. A sacrifice
- D. An oath

36. According to Hebrews 7:21, the Lord has sworn and will not what?

- A. Condemn
- B. Relent
- C. Delay
- D. Hold back

37. According to Hebrews 7:21, how long will He be a priest according to the order of Melchizedek?

- A. Until He comes again
- B. Forever
- C. Until the saints are taken up in glory
- D. Until everything is made new

38. According to Hebrews 7:22, Jesus has become a surety of what?

- A. A better covenant
- B. A newer covenant
- C. A perfect covenant
- D. A holy covenant

39. According to Hebrews 7:23, what prevented the many priests who were before Jesus from continuing?

- A. Weakness
- B. Sin
- C. Death
- D. Doubt

40. According to Hebrews 7:24, because Jesus continues forever, His priesthood is what?

- A. Unchangeable
- B. Perfect
- C. Righteous
- D. Holy

41. According to Hebrews 7:25, what is Jesus able to do to those who come to God through Him?

- A. Teach the way to salvation
- B. Lead them to righteousness
- C. Have compassion on them
- D. Save to the uttermost

42. According to Hebrews 7:25, Jesus always lives to do what for those who come to God through Him?

- A. Provide blessings
- B. Provide forgiveness
- C. Make intercession
- D. Offer sacrifices

43. According to Hebrews 7:26, a High Priest such as Jesus is described as?

- A. Holy and harmless
- B. undefiled
- C. Separate from sinners
- D. All of the above

44. According to Hebrews 7:26, a High Priest such as Jesus is higher than what?

- A. The angel
- B. Any earthly priest
- C. The heavens

D. Any earthly king

45. According to Hebrews 7:27, what does Jesus not need to do daily, as other high priests had to do?

- A. Make intercession
- B. Save to the uttermost
- C. Take a new oath
- D. Offer up sacrifices

46. According to Hebrews 7:27, what did Jesus do once for all the people's sins?

- A. Offered up Himself
- B. Interceded with the Father
- C. Made a new covenant
- D. Sent the Holy Spirit

47. According to Hebrews 7:28, who did the law appoint as high priests?

- A. Men who are faithful
- B. Men who are mortal
- C. Men who have weakness
- D. Men who have strength

48. According to Hebrews 7:28, who did the word of the oath appoint as a High Priest?

- A. The man who is perfect until death
- B. The man who was descended from Levi
- C. The Son who has been perfected forever
- D. The Son who is in the likeness of the Father

## **Chapter 8**

1. According to Hebrews 8:1, where is Jesus now seated as High Priest?

- A. On the mercy seat in the shadow of the cherubim
- B. At the right hand of the throne of the Majesty in the heavens
- C. In the tabernacle
- D. In the sanctuary which the Lord had commanded to be built

2. According to Hebrews 8:2, what did the Lord erect?

- A. The true tabernacle
- B. The throne
- C. The holy place
- D. The heavens

3. According to Hebrews 8:3, what is a high priest appointed to do?
  - A. Take His seat on the throne in the tabernacle
  - B. Be a minister of the first covenant
  - C. Copy the shadow of the heavenly things
  - D. Offer both gifts and sacrifices
  
4. According to Hebrews 8:4, why would Jesus NOT be a priest if He were on earth?
  - A. Because there are priests who offer the gifts according to the law
  - B. Because man is a little lower than the angels
  - C. Because the temple has been destroyed
  - D. Because there cannot be two high priests at the same time
  
5. According to Hebrews 8:5, how was Moses to make the tabernacle?
  - A. According to the government
  - B. According to the pattern shown on the mountain
  - C. According to the law
  - D. According to the copy and shadow of Heavenly things
  
6. According to Hebrews 8:6, in what way did Jesus obtain a more excellent ministry?
  - A. Because earthly priests must offer earthly sacrifices
  - B. Because earthly priests failed to fulfill their promises
  - C. Because it was established on better promises
  - D. Because He is a priest of the house of Judah
  
7. According to Hebrews 8:7, why was a second covenant sought?
  - A. Because the first was abolished
  - B. Because the first was not faultless
  - C. Because the first was for only the Jews
  - D. Because the first did not forgive sins
  
8. According to Hebrews 8:8, with which houses will the Lord make a new covenant?
  - A. Melchizedeck and Levi
  - B. Benjamin and Joshua
  - C. Israel and Judah
  - D. Israel and Egypt
  
9. According to Hebrews 8:9, why did the Lord make a new covenant?
  - A. Because the Lord had no desire for burnt offerings and sacrifices
  - B. Because Israel did not continue in His covenant

- C. Because the Israelites were no longer in Egypt
- D. Because those He made the covenant with had died in the wilderness

10. According to Hebrews 8:10, where will the Lord put his new covenant?

- A. In their brother's minds and written on tablets of stone
- B. In their minds and written on their hearts
- C. In their synagogues and written in their scriptures
- D. In their priest and written on a scroll

11. According to Hebrews 8:11, why shall the Lord's people no longer teach their neighbor and brother?

- A. Because the least shall teach the greatest
- B. Because the greatest shall teach the least
- C. Because they will all know the Lord
- D. Because of their sins and lawless deeds

12. According to Hebrews 8:12, what will the Lord remember no more?

- A. The least or greatest of them
- B. The old covenant
- C. Their sins and lawless deeds
- D. The house of Israel

13. According to Hebrews 8:13, what happened when He said "A new covenant"?

- A. He made the first covenant obsolete
- B. All covenants between God and man have vanished away
- C. He called the first covenant a mistake
- D. There is another covenant coming in the last days that is yet to be revealed

## **Chapter 9**

1. According to Hebrews 9:1, which of the following things did even the first covenant have?

- A. Sacrifices and a high priest
- B. Divine retribution for those who neglected so great a salvation
- C. The involvement of both men and angels
- D. Ordinances of divine service and the earthly sanctuary

2. According to Hebrews 9:2, which items were in the sanctuary?

- A. The lamp stand, golden pot, and Aaron's rod

- B. The golden pot, Aaron's rod, and tablets of the covenant
  - C. The lamp stand, tablets of the covenant, and the table
  - D. The lamp stand, table, and show bread
3. According to Hebrews 9:3, how is the area behind the second veil described?
- A. The Lord's own abode
  - B. The throne room of God
  - C. The Holiest of All
  - D. That place which must not be spoken of
4. According to Hebrews 9:4, which items were in the Holiest of All?
- A. The Ark of the Covenant
  - B. The golden pot and golden censer
  - C. Aaron's Rod and tablets of the covenant
  - D. All of the above
5. According to Hebrews 9:5, what overshadowed the mercy seat?
- A. Cherubim of glory
  - B. The glory of the Lord
  - C. The blood of the sacrifice
  - D. The tent of the sanctuary
6. According to Hebrews 9:6, who went into the first part of the tabernacle, performing the services?
- A. The Levites
  - B. The priests
  - C. Only the high priest
  - D. No one
7. According to Hebrews 9:7, what did the high priest offer once a year for himself and the people's sins?
- A. Blood
  - B. A lamb
  - C. A bull
  - D. A grain offering
8. According to Hebrews 9:7, how many times a year did the high priest enter the second part of the tabernacle?
- A. 12
  - B. 7
  - C. 1
  - D. 3

9. According to Hebrews 9:8, who indicated that the way into the Holiest of All was not yet made manifest while the first tabernacle was still standing?

- A. God
- B. The Holy Spirit
- C. Jesus
- D. The High Priest

10. According to Hebrews 9:9, gifts and sacrifices offered cannot do what?

- A. Forgive the sins of the Israelites
- B. Make him who performed the service perfect in regard to conscience
- C. Appease the wrath of a Holy God
- D. Satisfy the demands of the Law

11. According to Hebrews 9:10, what acts were imposed until the time of reformation?

- A. Keeping the Sabbath
- B. Sacrifices offered by the common people on the high places
- C. Things such as foods and drinks, various washings and fleshly ordinances
- D. Aaron's offspring performing the services of the tabernacle

12. According to Hebrews 9:11, Christ came as what?

- A. Savior
- B. Teacher
- C. Builder
- D. High Priest

13. According to Hebrews 9:12, how did Christ enter the Most Holy Place?

- A. With the blood of goats
- B. With the blood of calves
- C. With the blood of both goats and calves
- D. By His own blood

14. According to Hebrews 9:13, what sanctifies for the purifying of the flesh?

- A. The blood of a lamb
- B. Various washings
- C. The intervention of Moses
- D. The blood of bulls and goats and the ashes of a heifer

15. According to Hebrews 9:14-15, how did Jesus become the Mediator of the new covenant?
- A. By purifying the flesh
  - B. By serving the living God
  - C. By offering Himself without spot to God
  - D. By entering the most Holy Place
16. According to Hebrews 9:15, what will those who are called receive?
- A. Access to the priesthood
  - B. Access to the Most Holy Place
  - C. The promise of the eternal inheritance
  - D. The promise of an earthly inheritance
17. According to Hebrews 9:16, what is necessary with a testament?
- A. A signature of two or more witnesses
  - B. A legal seal on the document
  - C. A death of the testator
  - D. A proof of authenticity
18. According to Hebrews 9:17, when is a testament in force?
- A. While a man is alive
  - B. After men are dead
  - C. Only as long as a man offers sacrifices for sins
  - D. When it is authenticated by two or more witnesses
19. According to Hebrews 9:18, with what was the first covenant dedicated?
- A. Blood
  - B. The tablets of the covenant
  - C. Sacrifices of goats and calves
  - D. Various fleshly ordinances
20. According to Hebrews 9:19, what did Moses sprinkle with the blood of calves and goats, with water, scarlet wool and hyssop?
- A. The book
  - B. The priests
  - C. All the people
  - D. The book and all the people
21. According to Hebrews 9:19-20, who said, "This is the blood of the covenant which God has commanded you"?

- A. The Holy Spirit
- B. The High Priest
- C. Moses
- D. God

22. According to Hebrews 9:21, what did Moses sprinkle next with the blood?

- A. Only Aaron's rod that budded
- B. Only the tablets of the covenant
- C. Aaron's rod that budded and the tablets of the covenant
- D. The tabernacle and all the vessels of the ministry

23. According to Hebrews 9:22, what is required for remission?

- A. Calves and goats
- B. Hyssops and scarlet wool
- C. Sacrifices
- D. The shedding of Blood

24. According to Hebrews 9:23, what had to be purified with better sacrifices?

- A. The heavenly things
- B. The priesthood
- C. The Holiest of All
- D. The Ark of the Covenant

25. According to Hebrews 9:24 what places did Christ NOT enter?

- A. Holy places made with hands
- B. Tabernacle court
- C. Heaven itself
- D. The presence of God

26. According to Hebrews 9:24, where is Christ now?

- A. In the presence of God
- B. In holy places made with hands
- C. In holy places purified by the blood of calves and goats
- D. Offering Himself as a continual sacrifice year by year

27. According to Hebrews 9:25, how often did the high priest of the first covenant enter the Most Holy Place?

- A. Never
- B. Whenever sacrifices were offered
- C. Every Sabbath

D. Once a year

28. According to Hebrews 9:26, how did Christ put away sin?

- A. By being sinless
- B. By the sacrifice of Himself
- C. By appearing in the presence of God
- D. By being our high priest

29. According to Hebrews 9:27, what comes after death?

- A. Heaven
- B. Judgment
- C. Salvation
- D. Inheritance

30. According to Hebrews 9:28, who will appear a second time?

- A. Paul
- B. Abraham
- C. Jesus
- D. Elijah

## **Chapter 10**

1. In Hebrews 10:1, how is "the law" described?

- A. Able to bring man to God
- B. Having a shadow of the good things to come
- C. Weakened by the flesh
- D. Given by angels

2. According to Hebrews 10:1, what could the law and its continual sacrifices never do?

- A. Cleanse the conscience
- B. Make those who approach perfect
- C. Make one holy
- D. Condemn sinners

3. According to Hebrews 10:2, who would have had no more consciousness of sin?

- A. The worshipers, once purified
- B. Those who offered sacrifices continually year after year
- C. The righteous man
- D. The man weakened by the flesh

4. According to Hebrews 10:3, in the sacrifices, what is there a reminder of every year?
- A. Man's weakness
  - B. God's holiness
  - C. Sins
  - D. A need for a better sacrifice
5. According to Hebrews 10:4, what was the blood of bulls and goats unable to do?
- A. Cleanse man's conscience
  - B. Appease God's wrath
  - C. Take away sins
  - D. Cause man to sin
6. According to Hebrews 10:5, He who came into the world said that God did NOT desire what?
- A. Man's perfection
  - B. The blood of bulls and goats
  - C. Purified worshipers
  - D. Sacrifice and offering
7. According to Hebrews 10:5, what was prepared for the one who came into the world?
- A. A body
  - B. A home
  - C. A family
  - D. A sacrifice
8. According to Hebrews 10:6, there was no pleasure in what?
- A. Righteous living
  - B. Burnt offerings and sacrifices for sin
  - C. Wealth
  - D. Sinful desires
9. According to Hebrews 10:7, He who came into the world came to do what?
- A. Offer His body as a sacrifice for sin
  - B. Bring man closer to God
  - C. Die on the cross
  - D. God's will

10. According to Hebrews 10:8, which of the following were offered according to the law?
- A. Sacrifice and offering
  - B. Burnt offerings
  - C. Offerings for sin
  - D. All of the above
11. According to Hebrews 10:9, why does He take away the first?
- A. Because of man's sin
  - B. So He can draw man closer to God
  - C. That He may establish the second
  - D. Because it was abolished through the cross
12. According to Hebrews 10:10, what has been offered to sanctify us once for all?
- A. The body of Jesus Christ
  - B. Continual sacrifices
  - C. The blood of bulls and goats
  - D. Holy water
13. According to Hebrews 10:11, who "stands ministering daily and offering repeatedly the same sacrifices"?
- A. Only the high priest
  - B. The descendants of Aaron
  - C. The Levites
  - D. Every priest
14. According to Hebrews 10:12, what did "this Man" (Jesus) do after He had offered one sacrifice for sins forever'?
- A. Returned to His earthly father
  - B. Sat down at the right hand of God
  - C. Made purification for sins
  - D. He entered the Holy Place
15. According to Hebrews 10:13, how long will Jesus sit at the right hand of God?
- A. Forever
  - B. Forty days
  - C. Until His enemies are made His footstool
  - D. Until He returns
16. According to Hebrews 10:14, what did Jesus accomplish with "one offering"?

- A. He fulfilled the Old Covenant
  - B. All things
  - C. Perfected forever those who are being sanctified
  - D. Destroyed the veil of separation between man and God
17. According to Hebrews 10: 15, who also witnesses to us?
- A. The Father
  - B. Jesus Christ
  - C. The Holy Spirit
  - D. All of the above
18. According to Hebrews 10: 16-17, which of the following is NOT part of the covenant the Lord promised to make with His people?
- A. I will put My laws into their hearts
  - B. In their minds I will write My laws
  - C. Their sins and their lawless deeds I will remember forever
  - D. None of the above
19. According to Hebrews 10: 17-18, under what condition is an offering for sin no longer expected?
- A. When the blood of bulls and goats had been poured out
  - B. With continual sacrifices year after year
  - C. Where there is remission of sins and lawless deeds
  - D. When there is no repentance
20. According to Hebrews 10: 19, what gives us boldness to enter the Holiest?
- A. The blood of Jesus
  - B. The forgiveness of sins
  - C. A pure heart
  - D. A sanctified life
21. According to Hebrews 10: 20, what did He consecrate for us?
- A. A new and living way
  - B. The law
  - C. Our hearts and minds
  - D. A new covenant
22. In Hebrews 10: 20, what is referred to as "the veil"?
- A. The law
  - B. His flesh
  - C. His blood
  - D. Our hearts

23. According to Hebrews 10:21, who do we have over the house of God?

- A. A friend
- B. A High Priest
- C. The Holy Spirit
- D. Abraham

24. According to Hebrews 10:22, under what condition should we draw near?

- A. With a true heart in full assurance of faith
- B. Having our hearts sprinkled from an evil conscience
- C. Having our bodies washed with pure water
- D. All of the above

25. According to Hebrews 10:23, what are we to hold fast without wavering?

- A. The law of the Lord
- B. The hope of heaven
- C. The anchor of our salvation
- D. The confession of our hope

26. According to Hebrews 10:23, who is faithful?

- A. He who promised
- B. Those who offer sacrifices of obedience
- C. The one who went through the veil
- D. The one who doesn't keep promises

27. According to Hebrews 10:24, how do we stir up love and good works?

- A. Hold fast the confession of our hope
- B. Consider one another
- C. Draw near with a true heart
- D. All of the above

28. According to Hebrews 10:25, what are we not to forsake as is the manner of some?

- A. The assembling of ourselves together
- B. The daily ministering
- C. The Day that is approaching
- D. The law of the new covenant

29. According to Hebrews 10:26, what no longer remains when we sin willfully after receiving the knowledge of the truth?

- A. A sacrifice for sins
- B. A certain fearful expectation of judgment
- C. Fiery indignation
- D. Hope of heaven

30. According to Hebrews 10:26-27, what can we expect if we sin willfully after we have received the knowledge of the truth?

- A. There no longer remains a sacrifice for sins
- B. A certain fearful expectation of judgment
- C. Fiery indignation
- D. All of the above

31. In Hebrews 10:27, for one who sins willfully, there is a certain fearful expectation of judgment, and fiery indignation which will do what?

- A. Consume the sacrifice for sins
- B. Execute judgment upon the fearful
- C. Devour the adversaries
- D. Trample the Son of God underfoot

32. According to Hebrews 10:28, what happens to anyone who has rejected Moses' law?

- A. They have a certain fearful expectation of judgment
- B. They receive fiery indignation
- C. They die without mercy
- D. They are cut off from the people

33. According to Hebrews 10:28, when someone died after rejecting Moses' law, it was on the testimony of how many witnesses?

- A. Only two witnesses
- B. Only three witnesses
- C. Two or three witnesses
- D. A great cloud of witnesses

34. According to Hebrews 10:28-29, what will bring a person much worse punishment than rejecting the law of Moses?

- A. Trampling the Son of God underfoot
- B. Counting the blood of the covenant by which he was sanctified a

common thing

- C. Insulting the Spirit of grace
- D. All of the above

35. According to Hebrews 10: 30, who said "Vengeance is Mine, I will repay"?

- A. The High Priest
- B. The Holy Spirit
- C. The Lord
- D. Paul

36. According to Hebrews 10: 31, what is a fearful thing?

- A. Fiery indignation
- B. Forsaking the assembling of ourselves together
- C. Rejecting Moses' law
- D. To fall into the hands of the living God

37. According to Hebrews 10: 32, what happened to the Hebrew brethren in the former days after they were illuminated?

- A. They were devoured by the adversaries
- B. They died without mercy
- C. They endured a great struggle with sufferings
- D. They were made joyful in the Lord

38. According to Hebrews 10: 33, how were the Hebrew brethren made a spectacle?

- A. By a new and living way
- B. By reproaches and tribulations
- C. In the plundering of their goods
- D. In drawing back to perdition

39. According to Hebrews 10: 34, the Hebrew brethren had compassion on the author when he was what?

- A. In need
- B. Hungry
- C. In chains
- D. Sick

40. According the Hebrews 10: 34, the Hebrew brethren had compassion on the author and joyfully accepted what?

- A. The occasion to sacrifice
- B. The plundering of their goods
- C. A better and enduring possession
- D. The Lord's mercy

41. In Hebrews 10:34, how is the Hebrew brethren's possession in heaven described?
- A. Holy and eternal
  - B. Perfect and abundant
  - C. Better and enduring
  - D. Glorious
42. According to Hebrews 10:35, what did the author tell the Hebrew brethren not to cast away because it has great reward?
- A. Their confession of hope
  - B. Their confidence
  - C. Their endurance
  - D. Their perdition
43. According to Hebrews 10:36, what did the Hebrew brethren have need of so that after they had done the will of God, they would receive the promise?
- A. Righteousness
  - B. Boldness
  - C. Good works
  - D. Endurance
44. According to Hebrews 10:37, how long will it be before He who is coming will come?
- A. No time at all
  - B. After a great struggle with sufferings
  - C. A little while
  - D. A thousand years
45. According to Hebrews 10:38, what shall the just live by?
- A. Hope
  - B. Love
  - C. Faith
  - D. All of the above
46. In Hebrews 10:38, of whom is it said "My soul has no pleasure in him"?
- A. Anyone who draws back
  - B. Anyone who wavers
  - C. Anyone who is lukewarm
  - D. Anyone who goes astray
47. According to Hebrews 10:39, the author and the Hebrew brethren are not of those who draw back to what?

- A. Unbelief
  - B. Lawless deeds
  - C. Perdition
  - D. Hopelessness
48. According to Hebrews 10:39, the author and the Hebrew brethren are of those who believe to what?
- A. The fullness of time
  - B. Good works
  - C. The saving of the soul
  - D. Righteousness

## **Chapter 11**

1. According to Hebrews 11:1, what two words are used to define faith?
- A. Substance, Evidence
  - B. Love, Hope
  - C. Knowing, Believing
  - D. Sustain, Emulate
2. According to Hebrews 11:1, faith is the substance of what?
- A. Things not seen
  - B. Things planned for
  - C. Things hoped for
  - D. Things prayed for
3. According to Hebrews 11:1, faith is the evidence of what?
- A. Things not spoken
  - B. Things not seen
  - C. Things not heard
  - D. Things hoped for
4. According to Hebrews 11:2, by faith who obtained a good testimony?
- A. Servants
  - B. Deacons
  - C. Ministers
  - D. Elders
5. According to Hebrews 11:3, what was framed by the word of God?
- A. The heavens
  - B. The oceans
  - C. The worlds
  - D. The firmament

6. According to Hebrews 11:3, the things which are seen were not made of what?
- A. Things which are invisible
  - B. Things which are visible
  - C. Things which are spiritual
  - D. Things which are physical
7. According to Hebrews 11:4, by faith Abel offered what over Cain?
- A. A more excellent sacrifice
  - B. A more perfect sacrifice
  - C. A more complete sacrifice
  - D. A more suitable sacrifice
8. According to Hebrews 11:4, though being dead, Abel still does what through his sacrifice?
- A. Testifies
  - B. Speaks
  - C. Prophesies
  - D. Lives
9. According to Hebrews 11:5, who was taken away so that he did not see death?
- A. Seth
  - B. Methuselah
  - C. Jared
  - D. Enoch
10. According to Hebrews 11:6, he who comes to God must believe that He is, and that He is what?
- A. A redeemer to those who believe
  - B. A restorer of the faith
  - C. A rewarder of those who diligently seek him
  - D. A reliever of pain and suffering
11. According to Hebrews 11:7, how was Noah made aware of things not yet seen?
- A. He was divinely warned
  - B. Through a dream
  - C. Through a vision
  - D. By an angel
12. According to Hebrews 11:7, for what purpose did Noah prepare an

ark?

- A. For the saving of his household
- B. For the saving of his livestock
- C. For the saving of the world
- D. For the saving of the chosen

13. According to Hebrews 11:7, what did Noah become heir of which is according to faith?

- A. Salvation
- B. Righteousness
- C. The earth
- D. Heaven

14. According to Hebrews 11:8, Abraham was called to go out to what place?

- A. The place his fathers inhabited
- B. The place that he knew well
- C. The place which he would receive as an inheritance
- D. The place of fertile land

15. According to Hebrews 11:9, in the land of promise Abraham dwelled in tents with whom?

- A. Sarah and Lot
- B. Ishmael and Hagar
- C. Jacob and Esau
- D. Isaac and Jacob

16. According to Hebrews 11:9, Abraham, Isaac and Jacob are referred to as what of the same promise?

- A. Brothers
- B. Heirs
- C. Sons
- D. Fathers

17. According to Hebrews 11:10, Abraham waited for the city which has what?

- A. Foundations
- B. Inhabitants
- C. Dwellers
- D. Fortresses

18. According to Hebrews 11:11, by faith Sarah herself also received what to conceive seed?

- A. Help

- B. Encouragement
- C. Strength
- D. A blessing

19. According to Hebrews 11:11, how did Sarah judge God who had promised?

- A. Righteous
- B. Merciful
- C. Patient
- D. Faithful

20. According to Hebrews 11:12, from one man, and him as good as dead, were born as many as what?

- A. The stars of the sky
- B. The fish in the sea
- C. The grass in the fields
- D. The hairs on his head

21. According to Hebrews 11:13, those who died in faith had not received the what?

- A. Miracles
- B. Blessings
- C. Rewards
- D. Promises

22. According to Hebrews 11:13, those who died in faith confessed that they were what on the earth?

- A. Wayfarers and sojourners
- B. Friends and companions
- C. Strangers and pilgrims
- D. Travelers and gypsies

23. According to Hebrews 11:14, those who died in faith declare plainly that they seek what?

- A. A dwelling
- B. A homeland
- C. A resting place
- D. A city

24. According to Hebrews 11:16, what do those who died in faith desire?

- A. A heavenly country
- B. A heavenly dwelling
- C. A heavenly rest

D. A heavenly city

25. According to Hebrews 11:16, what has God prepared for those who died in faith?

- A. A mansion
- B. A dwelling
- C. A city
- D. A temple

26. According to Hebrews 11:17, what did Abraham offer up by faith when he was tested?

- A. The firstfruits of the land
- B. His only begotten son
- C. A ram
- D. An altar to God

27. According to Hebrews 11:18, what would be called in Isaac?

- A. Abraham's name
- B. Abraham's faith
- C. Abraham's seed
- D. Abraham's righteousness

28. According to Hebrews 11:19, when Abraham offered up Isaac, what had he concluded that God was able to do?

- A. Provide another sacrifice
- B. Give him another son
- C. Protect him from harm
- D. Raise him up

29. According to Hebrews 11:20, who blessed and who was blessed concerning things to come?

- A. Isaac blessed Jacob and Esau
- B. Joseph blessed Benjamin and Judah
- C. Moses blessed Joshua and Caleb
- D. Abraham blessed Isaac and Ishmael

30. According to Hebrews 11:21, by faith Jacob, when he was dying, blessed each of the sons of whom?

- A. Benjamin
- B. Judah
- C. Joseph
- D. Reuben

31. According to Hebrews 11:21, Jacob worshiped, leaning on the top of what?

- A. His staff
- B. A pillar
- C. A stone
- D. An altar

32. According to Hebrews 11:22, by faith Joseph, when he was dying, gave instructions concerning what?

- A. His inheritance
- B. His family
- C. His bones
- D. His children

33. According to Hebrews 11:23, how long was Moses hidden by his parents?

- A. One year
- B. Three months
- C. Six months
- D. One month

34. According to Hebrews 11:23, why did Moses' parents hide him?

- A. He was called by God
- B. He was a male
- C. He was hungry
- D. He was a beautiful child

35. According to Hebrews 11:23, when they hid Moses, what were his parents not afraid of?

- A. The king's command
- B. The king's wrath
- C. The king's judgment
- D. The king's punishment

36. According to Hebrews 11:24, by faith Moses, when he became of age, refused to be called the son of whom?

- A. Pharaoh
- B. Pharaoh's daughter
- C. Pharaoh's son
- D. An Egyptian

37. According to Hebrews 11:25, Moses chose to suffer affliction with the people of God rather than to enjoy what?

- A. The passing pleasures of sin
- B. The fruits of his labor
- C. A life of abundance

D. The life of an Egyptian prince

38. According to Hebrews 11:26, Moses esteemed the reproach of Christ greater riches than the treasures in what?

- A. Israel
- B. The Nile
- C. Egypt
- D. Sinai

39. According to Hebrews 11:27, by faith Moses forsook Egypt, not fearing what?

- A. The wrath of his accusers
- B. The retribution of Egypt
- C. The pursuit of the king's men
- D. The wrath of the king

40. According to Hebrews 11:27, Moses endured as seeing what?

- A. Him who is gracious
- B. Him who is spiritual
- C. Him who is invisible
- D. Him who is merciful

41. According to Hebrews 11:28, by faith Moses kept what?

- A. The Passover
- B. The faith
- C. God's commands
- D. The precepts

42. According to Hebrews 11:29, by faith the Israelites passed through the Red Sea as by what?

- A. Firm ground
- B. Dry land
- C. Open country
- D. A secure path

43. According to Hebrews 11:30, by faith the walls of Jericho fell after they were encircled for how many days?

- A. Three
- B. Fourteen
- C. Seven
- D. Two

44. According to Hebrews 11:31, by faith who did not perish with those who did not believe?

- A. Moses
- B. Rahab
- C. Joshua
- D. Caleb

45. According to Hebrews 11:31, Rahab the harlot had received the spies with what?

- A. Gifts
- B. Joy
- C. Spoils
- D. Peace

46. According to Hebrews 11:32, the Hebrew writer says that "time would fail me to tell of" which of the following characters of faith?

- A. Samson, David, Samuel
- B. Gideon, Barak, Jephthah
- C. The prophets
- D. All of the above

47. In Hebrews 11:33-34, which of the following acts of faith was not listed?

- A. Subdued Kingdoms
- B. Stopped the Mouths of Lions
- C. Glorified God
- D. Obtained Promises

48. According to Hebrews 11:35, others were tortured, not accepting what, that they might obtain a better resurrection?

- A. Deliverance
- B. Salvation
- C. Comfort
- D. Peace

49. According to Hebrews 11:36, still others had trial of mockings and scourgings, and of what?

- A. Torture and banishment
- B. Chains and imprisonment
- C. Stonings and beheadings
- D. Famine and peril

50. According to Hebrews 11:37, those of faith had what done to them?
- A. Stoned, sawn in two, tempted
  - B. Slain with the sword, wandered about in sheepskins and goatskins
  - C. Were destitute, afflicted and tormented
  - D. All of the above
51. According to Hebrews 11:38, those of faith wandered in which of the following locations:
- A. In deserts and mountains
  - B. In dens and caves of the earth
  - B. In wildernesses and at sea
  - D. Both A and B
52. According to Hebrews 11:39, all these of faith had obtained a good what?
- A. Promise
  - B. Reward
  - C. Testimony
  - D. Calling
53. According to Hebrews 11:39, those having obtained a good testimony through faith, did not receive what?
- A. The promise
  - B. A reward
  - C. Thanks
  - D. Satisfaction
54. According to Hebrews 11:40, God provided something better for us that the faithful from the past should not be made what apart from us?
- A. Perfect
  - B. New
  - C. Holy
  - D. Righteous

## **Chapter 12**

1. According to Hebrews 12:1, the writer states, in reference to Chapter 11, that they were surrounded by whom?
- A. Holy examples
  - B. Cloud of witnesses
  - C. Great men of faith
  - D. No one

2. According to Hebrews 12:1, what does the writer tell the brethren to lay aside?

- A. Every weight and sin
- B. Unrighteousness
- C. Wickedness
- D. Every unholy thought

3. According to Hebrews 12:1, how are the brethren to run the race that is set before them?

- A. With effort
- B. With endurance
- C. With passion
- D. With practice

4. According to Hebrews 12:2, Jesus is the author and what of our faith?

- A. Finisher
- B. Keeper
- C. Tester
- D. Judge

5. According to Hebrews 12:2, Jesus endured the cross for what?

- A. The honor that was set before Him
- B. The praise that was set before Him
- C. The duty that was set before Him
- D. The joy that was set before Him

6. According to Hebrews 12:2, Jesus despised what while enduring the cross?

- A. The affliction
- B. The shame
- C. The burden
- D. The agony

7. According to Hebrews 12:3, Jesus endured what from sinners against Himself?

- A. Ridicule
- B. Scorn
- C. Hostility
- D. Beatings

8. According to Hebrews 12:3, the writer encouraged the brethren to consider Him who endured hostility from sinners lest they become what?

- A. Weary and discouraged
- B. Weak and downtrodden
- C. Worried and frightened
- D. Worn and beaten

9. According to Hebrews 12:4, in striving against sin, the brethren had not yet resisted to the point of what?

- A. Inconvenience
- B. Hopelessness
- C. Bloodshed
- D. Starvation

10. According to Hebrews 12:5, what exhortation as to sons had the brethren forgotten regarding the chastening of the Lord?

- A. Do not repeat it
- B. Do not add to it
- C. Do not ignore it
- D. Do not despise it

11. According to Hebrews 12:5, the brethren were not to be what when they were rebuked by the Lord?

- A. Double-minded
- B. Discouraged
- C. Destroyed
- D. Defiant

12. According to Hebrews 12:6, whom does the Lord chasten?

- A. Those He loves
- B. Those who stray
- C. Those who complain
- D. Those who are not sons

13. According to Hebrews 12:7, if the brethren endured chastening, God would deal with them as what?

- A. As sinners
- B. As angels
- C. As slaves
- D. As sons

14. According to Hebrews 12:8, if the brethren were without

chastening, then they were not sons but were what?

- A. Prodigal
- B. Strangers
- C. Illegitimate
- D. Hired servants

15. According to Hebrews 12:9, what had the brethren paid to their human fathers who corrected them?

- A. Attention
- B. Respect
- C. Wages
- D. Taxes

16. According to Hebrews 12:9, since the brethren paid respect to their human fathers, to whom should they not much more readily have been in subjection?

- A. The governing authorities
- B. The Father of spirits
- C. Our mothers
- D. The elders

17. According to Hebrews 12:10, how had the brethren's fathers corrected them?

- A. With the rod
- B. With heavy hearts
- C. According to the law
- D. As seemed best to them

18. According to Hebrews 12:10, God chastened the brethren for their profit, that they may have been partakers of His what?

- A. Holiness
- B. Blessings
- C. Bread
- D. Cup

19. According to Hebrews 12:11, although chastening is painful for the present, afterward it yields what kind of fruit of righteousness?

- A. Plentiful
- B. Powerful
- C. Profitable
- D. Peaceable

20. According to Hebrews 12:13, the brethren were to make straight paths for their feet so that what was lame may not have been what?
- A. Disrespected
  - B. Disinherited
  - C. Dislocated
  - D. Discarded
21. According to Hebrews 12:14, what two things were the brethren told to pursue with all people?
- A. Peace and love
  - B. Peace and harmony
  - C. Peace and holiness
  - D. Peace and wisdom
22. According to Hebrews 12:14, without holiness, what will no one do?
- A. Be healed
  - B. See the Lord
  - C. Gain knowledge
  - D. Endure chastening
23. According to Hebrews 12:15, the brethren were to look carefully lest what spring up causing trouble and defiling many?
- A. Tares
  - B. Seeds of discord
  - C. A root of bitterness
  - D. The leaven of the Pharisees
24. According to Hebrews 12:16, who was a profane person who for one morsel of food sold his birthright?
- A. Cain
  - B. Ham
  - C. Ishmael
  - D. Esau
25. According to Hebrews 12:17, what happened when Esau wanted to inherit the blessing?
- A. He was restored
  - B. He was rejected
  - C. He was enslaved
  - D. He was imprisoned

26. According to Hebrews 12:18-19, what sound accompanied the voice of words at the mountain that burned with fire?
- A. A mighty wind
  - B. Rushing water
  - C. A roaring lion
  - D. A trumpet
27. According to Hebrews 12:18-19, those who heard the voice from the mountain that burned with fire begged that the word should be what?
- A. Engraved on tablets of stone
  - B. Written on their doorposts
  - C. Preached to all the world
  - D. Spoken to them no more
28. According to Hebrews 12:20, if a beast touched the mountain that burned with fire, it should be what?
- A. Stoned or shot with an arrow
  - B. Driven out of the camp
  - C. Sacrificed on the altar
  - D. Prepared and eaten
29. According to Hebrews 12:21, who said, "I am exceedingly afraid," because the sight of the mountain that burned with fire was so terrifying?
- A. Phinehas
  - B. Joshua
  - C. Moses
  - D. Aaron
30. According to Hebrews 12:22, instead of the mountain that burned with fire, the brethren were now coming to which mountain?
- A. Mount Sinai
  - B. Mount Zion
  - C. Mount Ararat
  - D. Mount of Olives
31. According to Hebrews 12:22, the city of the living God is also called by which of these names?
- A. The heavenly Jericho

- B. The heavenly Nazareth
- C. The heavenly Jerusalem
- D. The heavenly Bethlehem

32. According to Hebrews 12:22, what in the city of the living God is described as innumerable?

- A. Mansions
- B. Angels
- C. Saints
- D. Stars

33. According to Hebrews 12:23, the general assembly and church of what are registered in heaven?

- A. Church of the servant
- B. Church of the prodigal
- C. Church of the adopted
- D. Church of the firstborn

34. According to Hebrews 12:24, what role does Jesus have regarding the new covenant?

- A. Author
- B. Executor
- C. Mediator
- D. Prosecutor

35. According to Hebrews 12:24, the blood of sprinkling speaks better things than whose blood?

- A. Abel's
- B. Abraham's
- C. David's
- D. Jesus'

36. According to Hebrews 12:25, what happened to those who refused Him who spoke on earth?

- A. They did not dwell in the land
- B. They did not escape
- C. They could not see
- D. They did not eat

37. According to Hebrews 12:25, the brethren were told that they should not escape if they turned away from Him who speaks from

where?

- A. From the mountain
- B. From the temple
- C. From the throne
- D. From heaven

38. According to Hebrews 12:26, He whose voice had then shaken the earth promised yet once more to shake what?

- A. Only the earth
- B. Only heaven
- C. Both the earth and heaven
- D. Neither the earth nor heaven

39. According to Hebrews 12:27, the things to be shaken and removed are which things?

- A. Things we hold dear
- B. Things we cannot see
- C. Things that are made
- D. Things that cause us to sin

40. According to Hebrews 12:27, after the removal of the things that are being shaken, what will remain?

- A. Things which cannot be shaken
- B. Things which cannot be burned
- C. Things hoped for
- D. Nothing

41. According to Hebrews 12:28, the brethren were to have grace, since they were receiving what which cannot be shaken?

- A. A kingdom
- B. A covenant
- C. A faith
- D. A hope

42. According to Hebrews 12:28, by grace the brethren may have served God how?

- A. Acceptably
- B. With reverence
- C. With godly fear
- D. All of the above

43. According to Hebrews 12:29, the brethren's God is a consuming what?

- A. Lion
- B. Fire
- C. River
- D. Storm

### **Chapter 13**

1. According to Hebrews 13:1, what were the brethren to let brotherly love do?

- A. Convert
- B. Confess
- C. Consume
- D. Continue

2. According to Hebrews 13:2, when entertaining strangers, some have unwittingly entertained whom?

- A. Prophets
- B. Apostles
- C. Angels
- D. Kings

3. According to Hebrews 13:3, the brethren were told to remember the prisoners as if what?

- A. Chained with them
- B. Pleading their case
- C. Guarding them
- D. Their brothers

4. According to Hebrews 13:4, marriage is honorable among all and what is undefiled?

- A. The bed
- B. The altar
- C. The bride
- D. The home

5. According to Hebrews 13:4, marriage is honorable but God will judge whom?

- A. Husbands and wives
- B. Harlots and idolaters
- C. Fornicators and adulterers
- D. The unmarried and widows

6. According to Hebrews 13:5, the brethren were told to be what with such things as they had?

- A. Careful
- B. Content
- C. Prodigal
- D. Possessive

7. According to Hebrews 13:5, the brethren were told that God Himself had said He will never do what to them?

- A. Chasten nor discipline
- B. Judge nor condemn
- C. Leave nor forsake
- D. Tempt nor entice

8. According to Hebrews 13:6, the brethren were told that they could boldly say that the Lord is their what?

- C. Savior
- A. Helper
- B. Keeper
- D. Advocate

9. According to Hebrews 13:7, what were the brethren to do concerning those who ruled over them and had spoken the word of God to them?

- A. Remember them
- B. Follow their faith
- C. Consider the outcome of their conduct
- D. All of the above

10. According to Hebrews 13:8, who is said to be the same yesterday, today, and forever?

- A. The angels
- B. The brethren
- C. Jesus Christ
- D. The high priest

11. According to Hebrews 13:9, it is good that the heart be established by what?
- A. Grace
  - B. Works
  - C. Blood
  - D. Faith
12. According to Hebrews 13:9, strange doctrines are likened to what that have not profited those who have been occupied with them?
- A. Garments
  - B. Jewels
  - C. Fables
  - D. Foods
13. According to Hebrews 13:10, who had no right to eat from the brethren's altar?
- A. Those who ruled over them
  - B. Those who would not work
  - C. Those who worshiped idols
  - D. Those who served the tabernacle
14. According to Hebrews 13:11, what did the high priest bring into the sanctuary for sin?
- A. Ashes
  - B. Blood
  - C. Incense
  - D. Sacrificed animals
15. According to Hebrews 13:11, where were the bodies of sacrificed animals burned?
- A. In the sanctuary
  - B. In the courtyard
  - C. Outside the camp
  - D. On the brazen altar
16. According to Hebrews 13:12, where did Jesus suffer that He might sanctify the people with His blood?
- A. On the tree
  - B. In the courts
  - C. In the temple

D. Outside the gate

17. According to Hebrews 13:14, rather than have a continuing city here, what did the brethren seek?

- A. The city of gold
- B. The city to come
- C. The city with walls
- D. The city of the plains

18. According to Hebrews 13:15, how were the brethren to continually offer the sacrifice of praise to God?

- A. By spreading His word
- B. By sacrificing animals
- C. By giving thanks to His name
- D. By keeping His commandments

19. According to Hebrews 13:16, with what kinds of sacrifices is God well pleased?

- A. The blood of bulls and rams
- B. Washing feet and serving
- C. Doing good and sharing
- D. Those offered by faith

20. According to Hebrews 13:17, what were the brethren to do for those who ruled over them?

- A. Obey them
- B. Be submissive to them
- C. Let them rule with joy
- D. All of the above

21. According to Hebrews 13:18-19, the author of Hebrews urged his readers to pray for him so that what would happen sooner?

- A. He would be restored to them
- B. The temple would be destroyed
- C. Bloodshed would end
- D. The Lord would return

22. According to Hebrews 13:20, the author of Hebrews refers to Jesus as what?

- A. That great Fisher of men
- B. That great Worker of wonders

- C. That great Physician to the sick
- D. That great Shepherd of the sheep

23. According to Hebrews 13:20-21, through what did the author of Hebrews desire that the God of peace make the brethren complete?

- A. The blood of goats and bulls
- B. Abel's blood that Cain spilled
- C. The blood shed by many saints
- D. The blood of the everlasting covenant

24. According to Hebrews 13:21, in what did the author of Hebrews desire that the God of peace make the brethren complete to do His will?

- A. Every good word
- B. Every good work
- C. Every good grace
- D. Every good faith

25. According to Hebrews 13:22, the author appealed to the brethren to bear with the word of what?

- A. Examination
- B. Explanation
- C. Exhortation
- D. Expiation

26. According to Hebrews 13:22, how did the author write this epistle to the brethren?

- A. In few words
- B. With many words
- C. With large letters
- D. In the Hebrew language

27. According to Hebrews 13:23, which brother had been set free?

- A. John Mark
- B. Barnabas
- C. Timothy
- D. Silas

28. According to Hebrews 13:24, the author sends greetings to the brethren from whom?

- A. Those in chains
- B. Those in Jerusalem
- C. Those from Italy
- D. Those from Greece

29. According to Hebrews 13:25, the author closes his epistle with "\_\_\_\_\_ be with you all. Amen."

- A. Peace
- B. Grace
- C. The Lord
- D. Good fortune